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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/717,565	11/21/2003	Bernard Boulanger	Q78365	8454	
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 . 02/23/200 ON. PLLC	7	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			TRINH, THANH TRUC		
	SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			PAPER NUMBER	
	.,		1753		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DAȚE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO	NTHS	02/23/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)	·•
Office Action Summers	10/717,565	BOULANGER, BERNAI	RD ————
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Thanh-Truc Trinh	1753	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence address	5
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuf Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMU .136(a). In no event, however, ma d will apply and will expire SIX (6) te, cause the application to becon	JNICATION. ay a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			,
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 211	November 2003.		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.		•
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal r	natters, prosecution as to the mer	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	•		
4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application	n.	,	•
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.	•		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement	·	
Application Papers	·		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	cepted or b) objected	I to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= : :	-	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attac	:hed Office Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. Its have been received ority documents have beau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this National Stag	je
Attachment(c)		•	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Interv	iew Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper	No(s)/Mail Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/21/2003</u>. 	5) Notice 6) Other:	e of Informal Patent Application	

Art Unit: 1753

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

- 1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - Page 3, lines 16, Figure 2c is not found in the drawings.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-7, 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1, line 2, the phrase "a reflector (70, 71, 700)" is unclear as to what is being claimed, a reflector or a plurality of reflectors 70, 71 and 700. Line 6, it is also unclear as to how "(20, 21, 20')" forming an individual component, wherein 20 represents a solar cell with a reflector, 21 represents a different solar cell, and 20' represents a solar cell with insulating support and reflectors. Lines 9-10, the phrases "a 'top' surface (701, 711)" and "the 'lower' opposite face (702, 712)" render the claim indefinite since it is unclear as to how many surfaces are being claimed.

Art Unit: 1753

Regarding claims 1, 4-6, it is unclear to what the number "(700)" is representing, the under-reflector or the whole reflector itself or the reflecting film.

Regarding claim 3, the phrase "e.g." renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitation(s) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Regarding claim 7, it is unclear to what the "'present' cell" represents. It is not labeled in the drawing or mentioned in the specification.

Claim 8 recites the limitation "said upper face" in lines 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 9 recites the limitation "said flexible material" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

The term "low" in claim 10 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite.

The term "low" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

Art Unit: 1753

Regarding claim 11, "the two upper faces in each pair of under-reflectors" lacks antecedent basis. There is neither "upper faces" nor "under-reflectors" mentioned in claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1, 8, 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lashley et al. (US Patent 6118067).

See Figure 1.

Regarding claims 1 and 12-13, Lashley et al. disclose a solar cell 332 placing on a solar generator panel including array 330 and radiators 320. The cell is coupled with a reflector 310 via hinges 312 on the radiator for reflecting solar radiation onto the solar cell. The reflector is designed placed on the panel and substantially the same width as the contact width of the cell. The reflector is fixed at one of its ends by the hinges 312 in the direction to the cell, so that together the cell and the reflector form an individual component, whereas the other end of the reflector remains free. The mechanical flexibility properties of the reflector being determined in such a manner as to enable it to

Art Unit: 1753

keep upright in a first position with its free end pointing toward outer space. In a second position, the reflector is capable of presenting its upper surface facing towards the plane of the panel in response to a pressure. (See Figure 1)

Regarding claim 8, Lashley et al. disclose the flexible reflector presenting mechanical properties such that at equilibrium in the first position, and the upper face is concave. (See Figure 1, col. 6 line 15).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 1753

Claims 1-13 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of copending Application No. 10/681218. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the scope of the claims in copending application No. 10/681218 is essentially the same as that of the instant claims, except for the wording "solar cell" in the instant application and "solar panel" in the copending application. However, the variation of the "solar cell" from "solar panel" is indistinguishable.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh-Truc Trinh whose telephone number is 571-272-6594. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nam Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-1342. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1753

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TT 2/16/07

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Page 7